Sentettano Latinflow. Jeremiah Smith English Morsey admitted March 13th 1820 -

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On the Soutellaria Lateriflora Notwithstanding the great prog. res the medical science has made within the last century, by the labours of Individuals who have distinguished themselves by their talents and abilities, still we are under the melaucholy necessity of confessing, that there do exist, diseases, which have baffled the strike of Physicians for ages past, and which even by the most eminent, of the present day, are confessed to be beyond the reach of any known medicine. Nevertheless we cannot avoid look ing forward with pleasing anticipation, to that happy are when these aestroyers of human felicity, shall be completely subject to the healing art. Among the numerous dis cases which are justly entitled to the appellation of opprobria medicorum, none are perhaps more so, than that afflicting aisease, arising from the tite of a rabid anishal; called Hydrophobia, a dische truly derrible in its nature, It dreadful in

ingaged in to at the encu Pellages en it last, har ir herience es vill no longer test with who gandidering 1 teteriflora, To This re Into practice Jerry; with mained a see bus hands the

its consequences. It is well known to all persons engaged in the practice of medicine, that consider ong the incurable nature of this disease, Physicians If all ages endeavoured to find an antidole or Specific for it. These mostrums were numerous indeed, and many of them, no doubt enjoyed a reputation for beyond their ment: But it is not less known at least, he a majority of persons, that in more mod ern times, a remedy has been offered as an antidote, whose reputed efficacy is so great, that should future experience confirm its visteres, this areadful disease will no longer be more unmanageable, than the mil test with which we are acquainted. By describing onsidering the virtues of this article, the Soutelland Lateriflora. Thope to pulpet the object of this paper.

This remety was first described and introduce a too fractice by the late Doct handencer of New Horses, with whom for some considerable time it re mained a deort, such however was it successe in his hands, that he acquired great schutdide for the

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prevention of this disease; so much so, that he was resorted to by numerous persons, living at no in considerable destance from him. although this arti cle as yet has not receive a the sanction of Mysicians in general, yet I believe there are not wanting others who advocate its virtues & can bear testimony of its officacy. I shale now proceed with a description of the plant taken from observation and reading. of the Scutellaria there are numerous Species in aigenous to the United States, the one however continued for is the Latinflora; it is found principally in low damp situations, as ne ar books ponds, creeks, ditches ye but especially in marshy meadows; it attains the hight of from one to theree fut; the stem or stalk is square and branched, of a greenish colour, except near the root where it is reddish, the fibres of which when washed are of a hale yellow; the leaves arise from the stalk laterally, situated up on a small petiole or leaf stalk, having their edges ser rated, the racimes are lateral, proceeding from the

teth imme neke their which is found stigs have in above out to the Minter Star su, of the St well on the celix or flor to florescence the upper pa list grows ! cription of the de, it is nece just while o coposure, wh

stalk, immediately above the leaves, bearing other leaves interspersed with numerous small blue flowers, which make their appearance from July to September; the corolla are two in number; the upper one, flattened somewhat at its sides is largest; its eager being dive ded into three parts by two nototies, the middle one of which is largest; It has also an arched appearance, the lower life if minutely examined, will also be found slightly notched; the organs of fructification are, of the stamina four; two long and two short, set wated on the corolla; the pistillum is single; the calin or flower cup, is composed of twolips, which af to florescence close or that up, and contain the seeds; on the upper part of the calie is a small process, resembling very much one of the lips, which though small at first grows to considerable size. Such is the des cription of the plant. In preparing this article, it is recommended to gather it in July or hu just while in bloom; carefully dry & preserve it from exposure; when a person has been billen by a rabid

ow said the liged to he other, comes 2 banderic wable respe by against State? To He nit appears mely was ta sticte was no Test ought is which ma

animal he must take of a strong infusion a funt in twenty hours, for a member of days in succession; woiding stimulating articles both of siet's drink, such is the prescription of D Canderveer, and it is were said that of threehundred persons bitter, who applied to him, the success of the article was complete except in one solitary instance. Such an afsertion as this, coming from so respectable a Physician as Dr banderveer ought to be entitled to no inconsid wable respect. But the question may be asked here, does not its failure in one instance militate consider ably, against the compete preventive powers of the article? To this & think we may auswor in the negative; for it appears that in the case allused to, although the remedy was taken at first for a few days, the rife of the article was not persevered in; therefore the citing of this case ought to bear little, or no weight, as an objection to its virtues. But let us consider some of the objec. tions which may arise against the virtues of this plant. In the first place, there is a probability that



the dog or animal by which the wound was inflicted, although it showed symptoms of disorder, may not have bun affected with rabies canina, And in the next blace, it may be said, admitting the animal to be valid, a possibility is the symptoms of Hydropholia may not show thereselves in the person better by puch animal. As to the first objection, I must be confessed, that there is occasionally some difficulty in ascertaining the true nature of the cafe; never mal was actually rabid, proved by his having but In several other animals which became affected with the same disease; sweral of this nature are on record, and one similar I shall retate. the second objection, admitting as fact that not more than one in twenty of those bitten become affected, as is stated by ell Hunter; calculating in the same ratio there ought to have been a much greater number among those which came under the observation of I Vanderveer; but we find this is not the cafe;

iteration. to difficult In Hate of w goet to p simular cir ceso, the the no dympto the time w werds man after ett of. indicating thee; a pecu king from the place I don suring which away to the preventive virtues of the article under con shortion. But as before mentioned, notwithstanding the difficulty, occasionally of knowing the time nation of the state of the day, the following case among many other agos to prove concludicity, that the any was made in your the street the sear the way was made in the within a few minutes of each other, and winder simular circumstances, two of which aid of the dat.

case, the third making use of the Soutellaria showed no symptoms of such discafe

Lette I dopbelonging he respectable farmer na met d be was biller by a neighbourous and which as the time was not known to be mad, but which after hard manifold such semptions. I bout two weeks after the began to man specification, such as sullamps, divided weeks after the expeculian a prevance in the eyest solven about the forest solven about the first solven about the street subject and animals, melauchely wandering about the blee I don't hove if and animals.

insustrately the hand 95 to dog their to mouth the hog beg stuetion, a witertly or was though in which he wily delivery turkede; rej the much The las beliatate is helea kin

imme dealely after an indented boy, named W. b. who was in the act of chaining him. The wound was in the hand of to a considerable size. After confinement the dog showed symptoms of great distress, refusing food; makeing a dismal howl; frothing extremely at the mouth this this state expired In a short time the hog began to show symptoms which inaccates his situation, and in a thort time afterwards becoming widently mad, was killed. The horse also became dis saka though not so soon, as was known by the great aistrof in which he was, being melancholy when alone, but fun usly delirious when any person approached him, run ming at them, with a disposition to bile; in this situe ation he was confined in a large pen made for the purpose; refusing nourishment of all Kines; his symp toms of distress increasing & his Strength decreating after much raving pawing & growing, he expliced The lad however procured and made use of the Intidate in the manner recommended; the wound healed Kindly, & he experienced no other unpleasant

new which Sie, we m town that to indeme no then. Ast were alike. wea? The it the vist establed case; mustam ag or sugar, a

symptoms. That the dog in this case was affected with ra his canina Think we must conclude from the symptoms under which he laboured. And as we know that the ais rese is communicated from one animal to another by the pliva, we must conclude from the symptoms fresent in them, that the disease under which they laboured was of the same nature as that of the dog by which they were titlen. As to the lad, ought we not conclude that as all were alike exposed to the cause, all ought to become af feeted? This however was not the case; the boy ma-King use of the article in question, showed no symp tom of disease. I would then ask, does not this case afford thong grounds for concluding that the plant is really profes sed of the virtues ascribed loit? But this however is motan insulated case; several others of a similar nature might be adduce de Deducing the conclusion then, that the article is populsed of these powers, A may naturally be asked in what way does It- produce this happy effect? To this inquiry as for as I am acquainted it is impossible to give a salisfac. ton auswer, its moders of wrandi is perhaps involved in

Intion is a umainted) Lucmus atistat vir win fations my the ince the bitten po igment of h. hight have a en. Althou The well,

obscurity. Nor can I learn from those who have taken it as from myself having taken I in health, that its densible operation is at all perceptible; the only quality I am acquainted with existing in it is an intense bitter. But we must conclude that it is not on this alone, that its antidotal virtues; for if to why might we not expect the same result from some other article popling this proper ty in a more eminent degree? Whatever rank this plant may hold in the medical world, the prejudices of the bul gar in favour of its efficacy are very great, and conside was the incurable nature of the disease of the prejudices of the tourself are in its favour, I think that with the exception of the bitten part & perhaps cauterization of the wound, it would not be improper to suffer the patient the in joyment of his prejudice, or confidence which alone might have some lendancy perhaps to prevent the dis case. Although the exception of the part was not I believe sport of the practice of D Vanderveer, yet think Thysicians would so well, not to voly solely on the article, to the exclusion of the Knife altogether. Before I

Indust how not arden mlk turn that to coup delp & ine: bo shelor to a discase wheel its Velder. le confirme tetion of its the Kindre injuged a c for the instr set you has your repe Conclude hower Smit not omet capoling my most ardout desire; that Theriains in general while turn their attention to the artiste, in order when it orients or orgest it as attention by the conform its voirtues or orgest it as attention uptile By mert. I Thould however in the language of Thatcher) the plant proce a sucception mining for a suspect so truly deflorable in its nature and astructive in its onte guences, no excensioned can happy its meret, we will recorded in letters of gold. I however this happy result not be confirmed by future experience, the contour to the first wife by future the contour the many of its kindred predictions, it at one live at least very oned a considerable reputation.

We Conclude. To you stullmen I feel grateful for the instruction you have given and the new feet you have shown me, I go from you but your happiness that were be my desire and your repulation my glory fines_